Form W-9 (Rev. October 2007) Department of the Tressury

## Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	Name (as shown on your income tax return)		9	
Print or type Specific Instructions on page	Rusiness name, if different from above		'	
	Check appropriate box: ☐ Individual/Sole proprietor ☐ Corporation ☐ Perthership ☐ Umited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P_perthership) ►		Li Exonipti payee	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)		
	City, state, and ZIP code		*	
See	List account mumber(s) here (optional)			
Pal	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)			
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on tine 1 to avoid backup withhelding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident allen, sole proprietor, or disregarded critity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TIN on page 3.		dent s, it is	security number .	
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.			er identification number	
Pai	t (I Certification	W174 A	- 42	
Unde	er penalties of perjury, I certify that:			
1. T	The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and			
F	am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal evenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has officed me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and			
3. 1	am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).		T .	
Cort	lification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS	that you are cun	rently subject to backup	

Contification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have falled to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here

Signature of U.S. person

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## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unloss otherwise noted.

## Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (IIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alicn), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued).
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- · An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of incomo from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

• The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,